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DECLARATION.

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HIS Majesty's benevolent Endeavours to restore to His People the Blessings of secure and honorable Peace, again repeated without Success, have again demonstrated, beyond the Possibility of Doubt, the determined and persevering Hostility of the Government of France, in whose unprovoked Aggression the War originated, and by whose boundless and destructive Ambition it is still prolonged. And while by the Course of these Transactions, continued Proofs have been afforded to all His Majesty's faithful Subjects, of His anxious and unremitting Solicitude for their Welfare, they cannot, at the same Time, have failed to recognize, in the uniform Conduct of the Enemy, the Spirit by which the Councils of France are still actuated, and the Objects to which they are directed.

His Majesty could not but feel how much the Means of Peace had been obstructed by the many additional Difficulties which His Enemies had so repeatedly thrown in the Way of every Negotiation. Nevertheless, on the very first Appearance of Circumstances in some Degree more favourable to the Interests of Humanity, the same ardent Desire for the Ease and Happiness of His Subjects induced His Majesty to renew His Overtures for terminating the Calamities of War: Thus availing Himself of every Opening which could in any Manner lead to secure and honorable Peace, and consulting equally the Wishes of His own Heart and the Principles by which His Conduct has invariably been guided.

New Obstacles were immediately interposed by those who still directed the Councils of France, and who, amidst the general Desire for Peace which they could not at that Time openly disclaim, still retained the Power of frustrating the Wishes of their own Country, of counteracting His Majesty's benevolent Intentions, and of obstructing that Result, which was so necessary for the Happiness of both Nations. Difficulties of Form were studiously created; Modes of Negotiation were insisted upon, the most inconsistent with their own Conduct in every other Instance; the same Spirit appeared in every Step which was taken by them; and while the most unwarranted Insinuations were thrown out, and the most unfounded Reproaches brought forward, the established Customs and Usages, which have long prevailed in Europe, were purposely departed from, even in the simplest Acts which were to be done on their Part for the Renewal of the Negotiations. All these Things His Majesty determined to disregard; not as being insensible of their Purport and Tendency, nor unmindful of the Importance of these Points, in the public Intercourse of great and independant Nations, but resolving to defeat the Object of these Artifices, and to suffer no subordinate or inferior Consideration to impede, on His Part, the Discussion of the weighty and extensive Interests on which the Termination of the War must necessarily depend.

He directed His Minister to repair to France, furnished with the most ample Powers, and instructed to communicate at once an explicit and detailed Proposal and Plan of Peace, reduced into the Shape of

of a regular Treaty, juſt and moderate in it's Principles, embracing all the Intereſts concerned, and extending to every Subject connected with the Reſtoration of Public Tranquillity. The Communication of this Paper, delivered in the very firſt Conference, was accompanied by ſuch Explanations as fully ſtated and detailed the utmoſt Extent of His Majeſty's Views, and at the ſame Time gave ample Room for the Examination of every diſputed Point, for mutual Arrangement and Conceſſion, and for reciprocal Facilities ariſing out of the Progreſs of fair Diſcuſſion.

To this Proceeding, open and liberal beyond Example, the Conduct of His Majeſty's Enemies oppoſes the moſt ſtriking Contraſt. From them no Counter-Project has ever yet been obtained: No Statement of the Extent or Nature of the Conditions on which they would conclude any Peace with theſe Kingdoms. Their Pretenſions have always been brought forward either as detached or as preliminary Points, diſtinct from the main Object of Negotiation, and accompanied, in every Inſtance, with an expreſs Reſerve of farther and unexplained Demands.

The Points which, in purſuance of this Syſtem, the Plenipotentiaries of the Enemy propoſed for ſeparate Diſcuſſion in their firſt Conferences with His Majeſty's Miniſter, were at once frivolous and offenſive; none of them productive of any ſolid Advantage to France, but all calculated to raiſe new Obſtacles in the Way of Peace. And to theſe Demands was ſoon after added another, in it's Form unprecedented, in it's Subſtance extravagant, and ſuch as could originate only in the moſt determined and inveterate Hoſtility. The Principle of mutual Compenſation, before expreſsly admitted by common Conſent as the juſt and equitable Baſis of Negotiation, was now diſclaimed; every Idea of Moderation or Reaſon, every Appearance of Juſtice, was diſregarded; and a Conceſſion was required from His Majeſty's Plenipotentiary, as a preliminary and indiſpenſable Condition of Negotiation, which muſt at once have ſuperſeded all the Objects, and precluded all the Means of treating. France, after incorporating with Her own Dominions ſo large a Portion of Her Conqueſts, and affecting to have deprived Herſelf, by Her own internal Regulations, of the Power of alienating theſe valuable Additions of Territory, did not ſcruple to demand from His Majeſty the abſolute and unconditional Surrender of all that the Energy of His People, and the Valour of His Fleets and Armies, have conquered in the preſent War, either from France, or from Her Allies. She required that the Power of Great Britain ſhould be confined within it's former Limits, at the very Moment when her own Dominion was extended to a Degree almoſt unparalleled in Hiſtory. She inſiſted, that in Proportion to the Increaſe of Danger, the Means of Reſiſtance ſhould be diminiſhed; and that His Majeſty ſhould give up, without Compenſation, and into the Hands of His Enemies, the neceſſary Defences of His Poſſeſſions, and the future Safeguards of His Empire. Nor was even this Demand brought forward as conſtituting the Terms of Peace, but the Price of Negotiation; as the Condition on which alone His Majeſty was to be allowed to learn what further unexplained Demands were ſtill reſerved, and to what greater Sacrifices theſe unprecedented Conceſſions of Honour and Safety were to lead.

Whatever were the Impreſſions which ſuch a Proceeding created, they did not induce the King abruptly to preclude the Means of Negotiation. In rejecting without a Moment's Heſitation a Demand, which could have been made for no other Reaſon than becauſe it was inadmiſſible, His Majeſty, from the fixed Reſolution to avail Himſelf of every Chance of bringing the Negotiation to a favourable Iſſue, directed that an Opening ſhould ſtill be left for treating on reaſonable and equal Grounds, ſuch as might become the Dignity of His Crown, and the Rank and Station in Europe in which it has pleaſed the Divine Providence to place the Britiſh Nation.

This temperate and conciliatory Conduct was ſtrongly expreſſive of the Benevolence of His Majeſty's Intentions; and it appeared for ſome Time to have prepared the Way for that Reſult which has been the uniform Object of all His Meaſures. Two Months elapſed after His Majeſty had unequivocally and definitively refuſed to comply with the unreaſonable and extravagant Preliminary which had been demanded by His Enemies. During all that Time the Negotiation was continued open, the Conferences were regularly held, and the Demand thus explicitly rejected by one Party was never once renewed by the other. It was not only abandoned; it was openly diſclaimed; Aſſurances were given in direct Contradiction to it. Promiſes were continually repeated, that His Majeſty's explicit and detailed Propoſals ſhould at length be anſwered by that which could alone evince a real Diſpoſition to negotiate with Sincerity, by the Delivery of a Counter-Project, of a Nature tending to facilitate the Concluſion of Peace; and the long Delays of the French Government in executing theſe Promiſes were excuſed and accounted for by an unequivocal Declaration, that France was concerting with her Allies for thoſe Sacrifices on their Part, which might afford the Means of proceeding in the Negotiation. Week after Week paſſed over in the Repetition of theſe ſolemn Engagements

gagements on the Part of His Majeſty's Enemies. His Deſire for Peace induced Him to wait for their Completion, with an Anxiety proportioned to the Importance of the Object; nor was it much to expect that His Miniſter ſhould at length be informed what was the Extent and Nature of the Conditions on which His Enemies were diſpoſed to terminate the War.

It was in this Stage of the Buſineſs that, on the 11th of September, the Appointment of new Plenipotentiaries was announced on the Part of France, under a formal Promiſe that their Arrival ſhould facilitate and expedite the Work of Peace.

To renew, in a Shape ſtill more offenſive than before, the inadmiſſible Demand ſo long before brought forward, and ſo long abandoned, was the firſt Act of theſe new Meſſengers of Peace. And ſuch was now the undiſguiſed Impatience of the King's Enemies to terminate all Treaty, and to exclude all Proſpect of Accommodation, that even the Continuance of the King's Plenipotentiary at the appointed Place of Negotiation was made by them to depend on his immediate Compliance with a Condition which his Court had, Two Months before, explicitly refuſed, and concerning which no farther Diſcuſſion had ſince occurred. His Reply was ſuch as the Occaſion required: and he immediately received a poſitive and written Order to depart from France.

The ſubſequent Conduct of His Majeſty's Enemies has aggravated even this Proceeding, and added freſh Inſult to this unexampled Outrage. The inſurmountable Obſtacles which they threw in the Way of Peace were accompanied with an oſtentatious Profeſſion of the moſt pacific Diſpoſitions. In cutting off the Means of Negotiation they ſtill pretended to retain the ſtrongeſt Deſire to negotiate: In ordering the King's Miniſter to quit their Country, they profeſſed the Hope of his immediate Return to it: And in renewing their former inadmiſſible and rejected Demand, they declared their confident Expectation of a ſpeedy and favourable Anſwer. Yet before any Anſwer could arrive, they publiſhed a Declaration, announcing to their Country the Departure of the King's Miniſter, and attempting, as in every former Inſtance, to aſcribe to the Conduct of Great Britain the Diſappointment of the general Wiſh for Peace, and the Renewal of all the Calamities of War. The ſame Attempt has been prolonged in ſubſequent Communications, equally inſidious and illuſory, by which they have obviouſly intended to furniſh the Colour and empty Pretence of a Wiſh for Peace, while they have ſtill ſtudiouſly and obſtinately perſiſted in evading every Step which could lead to the Succeſs of any Negotiation; have continued to inſiſt on the ſame inadmiſſible and extravagant Preliminary, and have uniformly with-held all Explanation either on the Particulars of the Propoſals of Peace, ſo long ſince delivered by His Majeſty's Miniſter, or on any other Terms on which they were themſelves ready to conclude: And this in the vain Hope, that it could be poſſible by any Artifice to diſguiſe the Truth of theſe Tranſactions, or that any Exerciſe of Power, however deſpotic, could prevent ſuch Facts from being known, felt, and underſtood, even in France itſelf.

To France, to Europe, and to the World, it muſt be manifeſt, that the French Government (while they perſiſt in their preſent Sentiments) leave His Majeſty without an Alternative, unleſs He were prepared to ſurrender and ſacrifice to the undiſguiſed Ambition of His Enemies the Honour of His Crown and the Safety of His Dominions. It muſt be manifeſt, that, inſtead of ſhewing, on their Part, any Inclination to meet His Majeſty's pacific Overtures on any moderate Terms, they have never brought themſelves to ſtate any Terms (however exorbitant) on which they were ready to conclude Peace. They have aſked as a Preliminary (and in the Form the moſt arrogant and offenſive) Conceſſions which the comparative Situation of the Two Countries would have rendered extravagant in any Stage of Negotiation; which were directly contrary to their own repeated Profeſſions; and which, nevertheleſs, they peremptorily required to be complied with in the very Outſet: reſerving an unlimited Power of afterwards accumulating, from Time to Time, freſh Demands, encreaſing in Proportion to every new Conceſſion.

On the other Hand, the Terms propoſed by His Majeſty have been ſtated in the moſt clear, open, and unequivocal Manner. The Diſcuſſion of all the Points to which they relate, or of any others which the Enemy might bring forward as the Terms of Peace, has been, on His Majeſty's Part, repeatedly called for, as often promiſed by the French Plenipotentiaries, but to this Day has never yet been obtained. The Rupture of the Negotiation is not therefore to be aſcribed to any Pretenſions (however inadmiſſible) urged *as the Price of Peace*; not to any ultimate Difference *on Terms*, however exorbitant; but to the evident and fixed Determination of the Enemy to prolong the Conteſt, and to purſue, at all Hazards, their hoſtile Deſigns againſt the Proſperity and Safety of theſe Kingdoms.

While this Determination continues to prevail, His Majeſty's earneſt Wiſhes and Endeavours to reſtore Peace to His Subjects muſt be fruitleſs. But

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His Sentiments remain unaltered. He looks with anxious Expectation to the Moment when the Government of France may ſhew a Diſpoſition and Spirit in any Degree correſponding to His own. And he renews, even now, and before all Europe, the ſolemn Declaration, that, in Spite of repeated Provocations, and at the very Moment when His Claims have been ſtrengthened and confirmed by that freſh Succeſs which, by the Bleſſing of Providence, has recently attended His Arms, He is yet ready (if the Calamities of War can now be cloſed) to conclude Peace on the ſame moderate and equitable Principles and Terms which He has before propoſed: The Rejection of ſuch Terms muſt now, more than ever, demonſtrate the implacable Animoſity and inſatiable Ambition of thoſe with whom He has to contend, and to them alone muſt the future Conſequences of the Prolongation of the War be aſcribed.

If ſuch unhappily is the Spirit by which they are ſtill actuated, His Majeſty can neither heſitate as to the Principles of his own Conduct, nor doubt the Sentiments and Determination of His People. He will not be wanting to Them, and He is confident they will not be wanting to Themſelves. He has an anxious, but a ſacred and indiſpenſable Duty to fulfil: He will diſcharge it with Reſolution, Conſtancy and Firmneſs. Deeply as He muſt regret the Continuance of a War, ſo deſtructive in its Progreſs, and ſo burthenſome even in it's Succeſs. He knows the Character of the brave People whoſe Intereſts and Honour are entruſted to Him. Theſe it is the firſt Object of His Life to maintain: and He is convinced, that neither the Reſources nor the Spirit of His Kingdoms will be found inadequate to this arduous Conteſt, or unequal to the Importance and Value of the Objects which are at Stake. He truſts, that the Favour of Providence, by which they have always hitherto been ſupported againſt all their Enemies, will be ſtill extended to them; and that, under this Protection, His faithful Subjects, by a reſolute and vigorous Application of the Means which they poſſeſs, will be enabled to vindicate the Independance of their Country, and to reſiſt with juſt Indignation the aſſumed Superiority of an Enemy, againſt whom they have fought with the Courage, and Succeſs, and Glory of their Anceſtors, and who aims at nothing leſs than to deſtroy at once whatever has contributed to the Proſperity and Greatneſs of the Britiſh Empire: All the Channels of It's Induſtry, and all the Sources of It's Power; It's Security from Abroad, It's Tranquillity at Home, and, above all, that Conſtitution, on which alone depends the undiſturbed Enjoyment of It's Religion, Laws, and Liberties.

Weſtminſter, October 25, 1797.

AT the Court at St. *James's*, the 25th of *October*, 1797,

PRESENT,

The KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

WHEREAS His Majeſty was graciouſly pleaſed, by His Royal Proclamation bearing Date the Twenty-ſixth Day of December, 1792, to promiſe and declare, that the Bounties of Five Pounds for every Able Seaman, and Two Pounds Ten Shillings for every Ordinary Seaman, fit for His Majeſty's Service, ſhould be paid in the Manner thereby directed to every ſuch Able and Ordinary Seaman, not above the Age of Fifty nor under the Age of Twenty Years, who ſhould, on or before the Twenty-eighth Day of February then following, enter themſelves to ſerve in His Majeſty's Royal Navy, either with the Captains or Lieutenants of His Majeſty's Ships or Veſſels, or Officers employed on Shore for raiſing Men for the Service of the Royal Navy: And whereas His Majeſty was alſo graciouſly pleaſed, by his ſaid Proclamation, to declare, that all Able-bodied Landmen, not above the Age of Thirty-five nor under the Age of Twenty Years, who ſhould ſo enter themſelves as aforeſaid, ſhould receive the Sum of Thirty Shillings each Man, as His Majeſty's Royal Bounty: And whereas His Majeſty was alſo graciouſly pleaſed, by His Royal Proclamation bearing Date the Sixteenth Day of the ſaid Month of February, 1793, to promiſe and declare, that a Reward of Twenty Shillings for every Able and Ordinary Seaman, fit to ſerve on board His Majeſty's Ships, ſhould be paid to any Perſon who ſhould diſcover any Seaman or Seamen who might conceal him or themſelves, ſo that ſuch Seaman or Seamen ſhould be taken for His Majeſty's Service, on or before the Thirtieth Day of April then next, by any of His Majeſty's Sea Officers appointed to raiſe Men on Shore, or by the Captains or Commanders of any of His Majeſty's Ships or Veſſels in the Ports or on the Coaſts of this Kingdom: And whereas the Time limited by the ſaid Proclamations for Payment of the ſaid Bounties and Reward, hath been prolonged and extended to the Thirty-firſt Day of this inſtant October; and it being judged expedient for His Majeſty's Service that the ſaid Bounties and Reward ſhould be continued to be paid for ſome Time longer; His Majeſty, with the Advice of His Privy Council, doth therefore order, and it is hereby accordingly ordered, that the Time limited for Payment of the ſaid Bounties and Reward be prolonged and extended, from the ſaid Thirty-firſt Day of this inſtant October to the Thirty-firſt Day of December next incluſive:—Whereof all Perſons concerned are to take Notice, and govern themſelves accordingly. *W. Fawkener.*

AT the Court at St. *James's*, the 18th of *October*, 1797,

PRESENT,

The KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

WHEREAS by an Act of Parliament paſſed in the Twenty-ſixth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, intituled, "An Act to oblige Ships "more effectually to perform their Quarantine, "and for the better preventing the Plague being "brought from Foreign Parts into Great Britain "or Ireland, or the Iſles of Guernſey, Jerſey, "Alderney, Sark or Man," it is, among many other Things, enacted, That all Ships and Veſſels arriving, and all Perſons, Goods and Merchandizes whatſoever, coming or imported into any Port or Place within Great Britain, or any of the Iſles beforementioned, from any Place from whence His Majeſty, His Heirs or Succeſſors, by and with the Advice of His or Their Privy Council, ſhall judge it probable that the Infection may be brought, ſhall be obliged to make their Quarantine in ſuch Place and Places, for ſuch Time, and in ſuch Manner, as has been or ſhall, from Time to Time, be directed by His Majeſty, His Heirs or Succeſſors, by His or Their Order or Orders, made in His or Their Privy Council, and notified by Proclamation, or publiſhed in the London Gazette; and that until ſuch Ships, Veſſels, Perſons, Goods and Merchandizes ſhall have reſpectively performed and be diſcharged from ſuch Quarantine, no ſuch Perſons, Goods or Merchandizes, or any of them, ſhall come or be brought on Shore, or go or be put on board any other Ship or Veſſel, in any Place within His Majeſty's Dominions, unleſs in ſuch Manner, and in ſuch Caſes, and by ſuch Licence, as ſhall be directed or permitted by ſuch Order or Orders made by His Majeſty, His Heirs or Succeſſors, in Council as aforeſaid; and that all ſuch Ships and Veſſels, and the Perſons or Goods coming or imported in, or going or being put on board the ſame, and all Ships, Veſſels, Boats and Perſons receiving any Goods or Perſons out of the ſame, ſhall be ſubject to ſuch Orders, Rules and Directions concerning Quarantine, and the Prevention of Infection, as have been or ſhall be made by His Majeſty, His Heirs and Succeſſors, in Council, and notified by Proclamation or publiſhed in the London Gazette as aforementioned, under ſuch Pains and Penalties as are inflicted be the ſaid Act.

And whereas Information has been received that a malignant and infectious Diſeaſe of the Nature of the Plague, exiſts in the City of Philadelphia, in the State of Penſylvania, within the United States of America; His Majeſty, by and with the Advice of His Privy Council, judging it probable that the ſaid Infection may be brought into this Kingdom from Philadelphia, doth thereupon deem it expedient, for the Safety of the Publick Health, to order, and it is hereby ordered, That all Ships, Veſſels, Perſons, Goods and Merchandizes now arrived, or that ſhall hereafter arrive in any Port of this Kingdom, or the Iſles of Guernſey, Jerſey, Alderney, Sark or Man, from Philadelphia, or any Port within the State of Penſylvania, do make their Quarantine for Fourteen Days, which is to commence and be computed from the Day each Ship or Veſſel ſhall come to Anchor in the Place appointed for the Performance of Quarantine, and not before.

That the Places herein after named ſhall be and are hereby appointed to be the Places wherein ſuch Ships or Veſſels (not having the Infection on board) ſhall reſpectively perform Quarantine; that is to ſay: All Ships or Veſſels which are or ſhall be bound to the Port of London, or any Member, Creek, or other Parts thereof, or to the River Thames or Medway, ſhall perform their Quarantine in Standgate Creek; all Ships or Veſſels which are or ſhall be bound to the Ports of Ipſwich, Yarmouth, Lynn, Boſton, Hull, Newcaſtle or Berwick upon Tweed, or any of them, or any Member or Creek thereof, or other Place therein, ſhall perform their Quarantine in Whitebooth Road, between Hull and Grimſby; all Ships or Veſſels which are or ſhall be bound to the Ports of Carliſle and Cheſter, or either of them, or any Member or Creek thereof, or other Place therein, or to any Part of the Iſle of Man, ſhall perform their Quarantine in a Place called Highlake, near Liverpool, at the Weſt End thereof; all Ships or Veſſels which are or ſhall be bound to the Ports of Milford, Cardiff, Glouceſter, Briſtol, Bridgwater, or any of them, or any Member or Creek of them, or any of them, or to Padſtow or St. Ive's, being Members of the Port of Plymouth, or to Ilfracombe or Barnſtaple, being Members of the Port of Exeter, or to any other Place within the ſaid Ports of Milford, Cardiff, Glouceſter, Briſtol or Bridgwater, or within the ſaid Members or Creeks, ſhall perform their Quarantine in Kingroad and Porſhute Pill; all Ships and Veſſels which are or ſhall be bound to the Port of Plymouth, except ſuch Parts thereof as have been herein before mentioned, or to the Port of Exeter, except ſuch Parts thereof as have been herein before mentioned, or to the Port of Pool, or any of the Members or Creeks or other Places within the ſaid Ports of Plymouth, Exeter and Pool, except as herein before excepted, or to Falmouth, a Member of the Port of Plymouth, or any Creek thereof, or any other Place therein, ſhall perform their Quarantine in a Place called St. Ive's Pool, within the Mouth of the Harbour of Falmouth; all Ships or Veſſels which are or ſhall be bound to the Ports of Southampton, Chicheſter, Sandwich, or any of them, or any of the Members or Creeks thereof, or of any of them, or any other Place within the ſame, ſhall perform their Quarantine at a Place called the Mother-Bank, near Portſmouth; all Ships or Veſſels which are or ſhall be bound to the Eaſtern Coaſt of Scotland, comprehending the Ports of Leith, Borrowſtoneſs, Alloa, Dunbar, Kirkaldy, Anſtruther, Preſton-Pans, Dundee, Perth, Montroſe and Aberdeen, or to any Member, Creek or other Parts thereof, ſhall perform their Quarantine in Inverkeithing Bay; all Ships or Veſſels which are or ſhall be bound to the Weſtern Ports of Scotland, comprehending the Ports of Port Glaſgow, Greenock, Irvine, Campbeltoun, Oban, Rothſay, Fort William, Air, Port Patrick, Stranraer and Wigtoun, or to any Member, Creek or other Parts thereof, ſhall perform their Quarantine at Lamlaſh in the Iſland of Arran; all Ships or Veſſels which are or ſhall be bound to the Northern Ports of Scotland, comprehending the Ports of Inverneſs, Zetland, Orkney, Caithneſs and Stornaway, or to any Member, Creek or other Parts thereof, ſhall perform their Quarantine in Cromarty Bay in the Murray Firth; all Ships or Veſſels which are or ſhall be bound to the South-Weſt Ports of Scotland, comprehending

prehending the Ports of Dumfries and Kirkcudbright, or to any Member, Creek or other Parts thereof, ſhall perform their Quarantine at Carſthorn, at the Mouth of the River Nith; all Ships or Veſſels which are or ſhall be bound to the Iſle of Jerſey, or any Part thereof, ſhall perform their Quarantine at a certain Place on the Coaſt of the ſaid Iſland, called Belle-Croute, or at ſome Place herein before appointed for Performance of Quarantine on the Coaſt of England; and all Ships or Veſſels which are or ſhall be bound to the Iſlands of Guernſey, Sark or Alderney, or either of them, or any Part of them, or any of them, ſhall perform their Quarantine in a Place near the Iſland of Guernſey, called the Little Road, or at ſome Place herein before appointed for Performance of Quarantine on the Coaſt of England.

That no Pilot ſhall go on board any Ship or Veſſel obliged to perform Quarantine, in order to conduct the ſame into any Port or Place, but ſhall perform ſuch Service in ſome other Boat or Veſſel, which Boat or Veſſel ſhall keep as much to the Windward of the Ship or Veſſel ſo to be conducted as poſſible; and if any Pilot or other Perſon ſhall go on board ſuch Ship or Veſſel, ſuch Pilot or other Perſon ſhall perform Quarantine, in like Manner as any Perſon coming in ſuch Ship or Veſſel ſhall be obliged to perform the ſame.

That all Goods, Wares and Merchandizes liable to Quarantine as aforeſaid, ſhall be opened, unpacked and aired, unleſs His Majeſty ſhall think fit, by His Order in Council, to direct otherwiſe, and ſo remain a Week, other than Hemp and Flax, Paper or Books, Silk, raw, thrown or wrought, Linen, Cotton-Wool, Cotton-Yarn or manufactured, Wool raw or any wiſe wrought, Feathers, Grogram or Mohair Yarn, Human Hair, Goats Hair, Carmenia Wool, Carpets, Camblets, Burdets, or other Manufactures of Silk and Cotton, Kid-Skins, and Skins in the Wool or Hair, Sponges, Wine and Oil in Cheſts, Thread Stockings, all Goods packed with Straw or Cotton, Straw Hats and Broſhes, Matting, and Artificial Flowers; which Goods and Merchandizes, ſo as aforeſaid enumerated, are to be opened, unpacked and aired, unleſs His Majeſty ſhall think fit, by His Order in Council, to direct otherwiſe, and ſo remain for the Space of a Fortnight.

That all Goods imported by ſuch Ships and Veſſels reſpectively ſhall be aired in the following Places, that is to ſay: All ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to the Port of London, or any Member, Creek or other Parts thereof, or to the River Thames or Medway, ſhall be aired in Standgate Creek; all ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to the Ports of Ipſwich, Yarmouth, Lynn, Boſton, Hull, Newcaſtle, or Berwick upon Tweed, or any of them, or any Member or Creek thereof, or other Place therein, ſhall be aired in Whitebooth Road, between Hull and Grimſby; all ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to the Ports of Carliſle and Cheſter, or either of them, or any Member or Creek thereof, or other Place therein, or to any Port of the Iſle of Man, ſhall be aired in a Place called High-lake, near Liverpool, at the Weſt End thereof; all ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to the Ports of Milford, Cardiff, Glouceſter, Briſtol, Bridgwater, or any of them, or any Member or Creek of them, or any of them, or to Padſtow or St. Ive's, being Members of the Port of Plymouth, or to Ilfracombe or Barnſtaple, being Members of the Port of Exeter, or to any other Place within the ſaid Ports of Milford, Cardiff, Glouceſter, Briſtol or Bridgwater, or within the ſaid Members or Creeks, ſhall be aired in King Road and Porſhute Pill; all ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to the Port of Plymouth, except ſuch Parts thereof as have been herein before mentioned, or to the Port of Exeter, except ſuch Parts thereof as have been herein before mentioned, or to the Port of Pool, or any of the Members, or Creeks or other Places, within the ſaid Ports of Plymouth, Exeter and Pool, except as before excepted, or to Falmouth, a Member of the Port of Plymouth, or any Creek thereof, or any other Place therein, ſhall be aired in a Place called St. Ive's Pool, within the Mouth of the Harbour of Falmouth; all ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to the Ports of Southampton, Chicheſter, Sandwich, or any of them, or any of the Members or Creeks thereof, or of any of them, or any other Place within the ſame, ſhall be aired at a Place called the Mother-bank, near Portſmouth; all ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to the Eaſtern Coaſt of Scotland, comprehending the Ports of Leith, Borrowſtoneſs, Alloa, Dunbar, Kirkaldy, Anſtruther, Preſton-Pans, Dundee, Perth, Montroſe, and Aberdeen, or to any Member, Creek, or other Parts thereof, ſhall be aired in Inverkeithing Bay; all ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to the Weſtern Ports of Scotland, comprehending the Ports of Port Glaſgow, Greenock, Irvine, Campbeltoun, Oban, Rothſay, Fort William, Air, Port Patrick, Stranraer, and Wigtoun, or to any Member, Creek, or other Parts thereof, ſhall be aired at Lamlaſh, in the Iſland of Arran; all ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to the Northern Ports of Scotland, comprehending the Ports of Inverneſs, Zetland, Orkney, Caithneſs and Stornaway, or to any Member, Creek, or other Parts thereof, ſhall be aired in Cromarty Bay, in the Murray Firth; all ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to the South-Weſt Ports of Scotland, comprehending the Ports of Dumfries and Kirkcudbright, or to any Member, Creek or other Parts thereof, ſhall be aired at Carſthorn, at the Mouth of the River Nith; all ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to the Iſle of Jerſey, or any Part thereof, ſhall be aired at a certain Place on the Coaſt of the ſaid Iſland called Belle Croute, or at ſuch Place herein before appointed for Performance of Quarantine on the Coaſt of England, where the Ships in which ſuch Goods are imported ſhall reſpectively perform their Quarantine; and all ſuch Goods as ſhall be imported to the Iſlands of Guernſey, Sark or Alderney, or either of them, or any Part of them, or any of them, ſhall be aired in a Place near the Iſland of Guernſey, called the Little Road, or at ſuch Place herein before appointed for Performance of Quarantine on the Coaſt of England, where the Ships in which ſuch Goods are imported ſhall reſpectively perform their Quarantine.

That whatſoever Ship or Perſon ſhall receive any Men or Goods from on Board any Ship or Veſſel under Quarantine, ſhall be compelled to perform the like Quarantine.

That ſuch Perſons as, after Quarantine performed, ſhall be employed in the Hold of any Ship or Veſſel, for the taking any Goods not liable to retain Infection, from the Goods and Merchandizes before enumerated, ſhall be obliged to perform a new Quarantine.

That the Captains of every His Majeſty's Ships of War, who ſhall meet any ſuch Ship or

Veſſel

Veſſel coming to any of the Ports of Great Britain, or of the Iſles of Guernſey, Jerſey, Alderney, Sark or Man, ſhall take due Care to prevent the landing any Goods, Seamen or Paſſengers from on Board the ſame, until they ſhall be put under the Direction of the Officers of His Majeſty's Cuſtoms.

That the Commiſſioners and other Officers of His Majeſty's Cuſtoms do uſe their utmoſt Diligence and Care that the Quarantine before directed be duly performed.

That the Commanders of His Majeſty's Ships of War, as likewiſe the Commanders of His Majeſty's Forts and Garriſons lying near the Sea Coaſts, and all Juſtices of the Peace, Mayors, Sheriffs, Bailiffs, Chief Magiſtrates, Conſtables, Headboroughs, Tythingmen, and all other Officers and Miniſters of Juſtice, be aiding and aſſiſting to the ſaid Officers of His Majeſty's Cuſtoms, and to all others that ſhall be concerned in ſtopping all ſuch Ships as aforeſaid, and in bringing them to the Places appointed for the Performance of their Quarantine, and in due Performance thereof.

And the Lords Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Treaſury, the Commiſſioners for executing the Office of Lord High Admiral of Great Britain, the Lord Warden of the Cinque Ports, the Maſter General and the reſt of the Principal Officers of the Ordnance, His Majeſty's Secretary at War, and the Governors or Commanders in Chief for the Time being of the ſaid reſpective Iſles of Jerſey, Guernſey, Alderney, Sark and Man, are to give the neceſſary Directions herein, as to them may reſpectively appertain. *W. Fawkener.*

St. James's, October 25, 1797.

THIS Day the Right Honourable the Lord Mayor, the Aldermen, Sheriffs and Common Council of the City of London, waited upon the King (being introduced by the Right Honourable the Earl of Winchelſea) with the following Addreſs, which was read by Sir John William Roſe, the Recorder.

To the KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council aſſembled.

Moſt Gracious Sovereign,

WE, your Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal Subjects, the Lord Mayor, Aldermen and Commons of the City of London, in Common Council aſſembled, humbly approach the Throne to offer our ſincere Congratulations to your Majeſty on the moſt important Victory obtained by your Majeſty's Fleet, under the Command of Admiral Duncan, over that of the Dutch, on the ever to be remembered Eleventh Day of October.

A Victory ſo ſplendid and glorious, even in the Progreſs of ſuch wonderful Naval Atchievements as have already adorned the Annals of the preſent War, elates our National Feelings to an Exceſs not to be expreſſed; and, while the Mind's Eye is dazzled with the Brilliancy of the Bravery of Britiſh Seamen, every Heart muſt experience the moſt ſolid Satisfaction at the ineſtimable Advantages which the Country muſt derive from their Succeſs.

Your Majeſty's faithful Citizens of London can but imperfectly repeat their glowing Sentiments of Gratitude to the Great Diſpoſer of all Events for this moſt diſtinguiſhed Victory, at once adding to the Luſtre, and tending to the Security of your Majeſty's Crown and Government; and, as we truſt and hope, accelerating your Majeſty's moſt gracious Endeavours for the Attainment of a permanent and honourable Peace, to the laſting Proſperity of theſe Kingdoms.

Signed, by Order of Court,

WILLIAM RIX.

To which Addreſs His Majeſty was pleaſed to return the following Anſwer:

I Receive with peculiar Satisfaction your Congratulations on the moſt deciſive and important Victory, which, by the Bleſſing of God upon the Bravery of My Officers and Seamen, has been lately obtained over the Enemy's Fleet on the Coaſt of Holland. My loyal City of London may reſt aſſured that I moſt heartily rejoice at every Event that may tend to give Effect to My Endeavours to reſtore to My People the Bleſſings of a ſafe and honorable Peace.

They were all received very graciouſly, and had the Honor to kiſs His Majeſty's Hand.

War-Office, October 28, 1797.

Late Horſe Grenadier Guards, Mark Prayer, Gent. to be Sub-Lieutenant, by Purchaſe, vice South, who retires.

2d Regiment of Dragoon Guards, Hon. Captain Lumley, from the 3d Dragoons, to be Major, vice Gordon, promoted in the 26th Light Dragoons.

14th Regiment of Light Dragoons, Cornet William Latham to be Lieutenant, vice Tyrrell, promoted.

Quarter-Maſter ——— Keagh to be Cornet, vice Latham.

17th Ditto, William Henry Lys, Gent. to be Aſſiſtant Surgeon.

21ſt Ditto, Cornet Richard Croſs to be Lieutenant, without Purchaſe, vice C. Macdonnell, promoted in Major-General Graham's Regiment.

Cornet George Marley to be Lieutenant, vice Crowe, deceaſed.

26th Ditto, Major Robert Gordon, from the 2d Dragoon Guards, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Smollet, appointed to the 1ſt Foot Guards.

1ſt Regiment of Foot Guards, Firſt Major Major-General Francis D'Oyly to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Stevens, appointed to the Command of the 65th Foot.

Second Major Major-General Sir James Duffe to be Firſt Major, vice D'Oyly.

Third Major Major-General Andrew John Drummond to be Second Major, vice Sir James Duffe.

Hon. Major-General Francis Needham to be Third Major, vice Drummond.

Lieutenant Colonel Frederick Charles White to be Captain of a Company, vice Needham.

Captain Robert Cheney to be Captain of a Company, by Purchaſe, vice Fitz Gerald, who is diſmiſſed from the Service.

Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander Smollet, from the 26th Light Dragoons, to be Captain Lieutenant, vice White.

Enſign John Scope Colquitt to be Lieutenant, vice Cheney.

Enſign Edward Thomas Huſſey to be Lieutenant, by Purchaſe, vice Lord Evelyn J. Stuart, promoted in the 66th Foot.

Lieutenant John Edward Bonner, from the 43d Foot, to be Enſign, vice Colquitt.

1ſt

1st Battalion of the 1st Regiment of Foot, John Dunrore Napier, Gent. to be Enſign, by Purchaſe, vice Blair, promoted.

17th Regiment of Foot, Quarter Maſter William Kirk to be Enſign, without Purchaſe, vice M'Donnell, promoted in the 21ſt Dragoons.

Serjeant H. Seaman to be Quarter-Maſter, vice Kirk.

18th Ditto, Robert James Dunn, Gent. to be Enſign, vice Jackſon, deceaſed.

28th Ditto, John Tucker, Gent. to be Enſign, by Purchaſe, vice Lamont, promoted in the 59th Foot.

44th Ditto, William Thwaites, Gent. to be Enſign, without Purchaſe, vice Murray, promoted.

49th Ditto, Major Iſaac Brock to be Lieutenant-Colonel, by Purchaſe, vice Grant, who retires.

Captain James Rooke, from the 80th Foot, to be Major, vice Brock.

51ſt Ditto, Enſign Edward Cleaver to be Lieutenant, by Purchaſe, vice Torré, promoted.

53d Ditto, Lieutenant Henry Knight Erſkine, from the Half-Pay of the 72d Foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Sutherland, who exchanges.

56th Ditto, Enſign John M'Donnell, to be Lieutenant, vice Darley, deceaſed.

Samuel Moore, Gent. to be Enſign, vice Prater.

Andrew Crane, Gent. to be Enſign, vice M'Donnell.

60th Ditto, Captain Julines Herring to be Major, by Purchaſe, vice Martin, who retires.

Thomas Hutchings, Gent. to be Enſign, without Purchaſe, vice Carrique, who reſigns.

67th Ditto.

To be Lieutenants,

Enſign —— Collis, without Purchaſe, vice Gamble, promoted.

Enſign —— Dwyer, vice Ingram, deceaſed.

Enſign A. W. Simons, vice Freeman, deceaſed.

69th Ditto, Enſign Barnabas Atkinſon to be Lieutenant, vice Robert Campbell, deceaſed.

82d Ditto, Lieutenant Archibald Chryſtie, from the 78th Foot, to be Captain, vice Medows, deceaſed.

88th Ditto, Enſign William Cardon Seton, from the 90th Foot, to be Lieutenant by Purchaſe, vice Silver, promoted.

98th Ditto, Enſign Hugh Stewart to be Lieutenant, without Purchaſe, vice Ferrier, diſmiſſed by the Sentence of a General Court Martial.

Enſign Thomas Hobby, from Major Steel's Corps, to be Enſign, vice Stewart.

1ſt Regiment of Fencible Cavalry.

Cornet Henry Holdſworth to be Lieutenant, vice Cannon.

Adjutant Robert Salmon to be Cornet, vice Holdſworth.

Cornwall Fencible Cavalry,

Lieutenant Stewkley Stuckburgh, on the Half-Pay, to be Lieutenant.

Lanark and Dunbartonſhire Fencible Cavalry.

Cornet John Kirkwood to be Lieutenant, vice Hamilton, appointed to the 12th Dragoons.

1ſt Regiment of Royal Glaſgow Volunteers.

Second Lieutenant Robert Aitken to be Firſt Lieutenant, vice Lockhart, deceaſed.

Patrick Ballantine, Gent. to be Second Lieutenant, vice Aitken.

Goſport Volunteers.

Second Lieutenant Mathew Carter to be Firſt Lieutenant, vice Wilkinſon, who retires.

John Taylor, Gent. to be Second Lieutenant, vice Carter.

Macclesfield Volunteer Infantry.

Septimus Furneſs, Gent. to be Enſign, vice Andrews.

Exeter Volunteers.

Captain —— Wright to be Major-Commandant.

Enſign Robert Homer to be Second Lieutenant.

Enſign George C. Degen to be Second Lieutenant.

North Devon Volunteers.

Second Lieutenant —— Bartlett to be Firſt Lieutenant, vice Wilcocks, promoted.

Narciſſus Hatherley, jun. Gent. to be Second Lieutenant, vice Bartlett.

Fiſhguard Volunteers

Major William Bowen to be Lieutenant-Colonel, vice Knox, who reſigns.

Lieutenant Thomas James to be Captain, vice Effex Bowen, who reſigns.

William Higgon, Gent. to be Lieutenant, vice James.

William Jenkins, Gent. to be Adjutant, vice James Bowen, deceaſed.

Portſmouth Loyal Volunteers.

Second Lieutenant Martin White to be Firſt Lieutenant.

Roger Callaway, Gent. to be Second Lieutenant.

James Carter, Gent. to be Second Lieutenant, vice White.

James Carter, Gent. to be Adjutant.

Portſmouth Artillery Company.

Lieutenant James C. Mottley to be Captain.

Thomas Heather, Gent. to be Lieutenant, vice Mottley.

Coilton and Dolrymple Volunteers.

J. Hamilton, Eſq; to be Major-Commandant.

To be Captains,

Archibald Hamilton, Eſq,

William Fullarton, Eſq;

To be Firſt Lieutenants,

Bargery Hamilton, Gent.

James M'Kemming, Gent.

To be Second Lieutenants,

Montgomerie Hamilton, Gent.

James Campbell, Gent.

Linlithgowſhire Cavalry and Infantry Volunteers.

James Earl of Hopetoun to be Colonel.

Linlithgowſhire Gentlemen and Yeomanry Cavalry.

Sir James Dalyell, Bart. to be Major-Commandant.

William Allan, Eſq; to be Captain.

Lewis Ferrier, Gent. to be Lieutenant.

William Wilhart, Gent. to be Lieutenant.

Malcolm Henderſon, Gent. to be Cornet.

Peter Dudgeon, Gent. to be Cornet.

The Rev. Hugh Micklejohn to be Chaplain.

William Wiſhart, Gent to be Adjutant.

Thomas Baird, Gent. to be Surgeon.

Linlithgowſhire Volunteer Infantry.

Borrowſtowneſs Company.

John Dunlop, Eſq; to be Captain.
Thomas Cowan, Gent. to be Firſt Lieutenant.
Charles Addiſon, jun. Gent. to be Second Lieutenant.

Linlithgow Company.

James Andrew, Eſq; to be Captain.
Alexander Napier, Gent. to be Firſt Lieutenant.
Edward Morton, Gent. to be Second Lieutenant.

MEMORANDA.

The Appointment of Volunteer Clark, from the 2d Regiment of the Iriſh Brigade, to be Enſign in Major-General Campbell's Regiment, vice Parys, as ſtated in the Gazette of the 26th Ultimo, has not taken Place.

Lieutenant William M'Carthy, of the 3d Regiment of the Iriſh Brigade, who was diſmiſſed the Service in the Gazette of the 30th Ultimo, is reinſtated in his Rank.

ERRATUM in the Gazette of the 21ſt Inſtant.

For, *Brevet*—Major Thomas Brinley, of the 51ſt Foot, late acting Deputy Adjutant General to the Forces in the Iſland of Elba, to be Lieutenant-Colonel in the Army,

Read, *Staff*—Major Thomas Brinley, of the 51ſt Foot, to be Deputy Adjutant General to the Forces ſerving in the Iſland of Elba, with the Rank of Lieutenant-Colonel in the Army. Commiſſion dated October 23, 1796.

Commiſſions in the Worceſterſhire Proviſional Cavalry, *ſigned by the Lord Lieutenant.*

The Hon. John Somers Cocks to be Colonel. Dated October 14, 1797.
The Hon. Henry Windſor to be Lieutenant-Colonel. Dated as above.
Henry Bromley, Eſq; to be Major. Dated as above.

Admiralty-Office, October 28, 1797.

Copy of a Letter from Captain Charles Rowley, Commander of His Majeſty's Ship Unité, to the Right Honorable Lord Bridport, K. B. dated at Sea, the 9th Inſtant.

My Lord,

I Have the Honor to acquaint your Lordſhip, that, in Latitude 46 deg. 10 min. North, and Longitude 5 deg. 35 min. Weſt, I captured the National Corvette De Couverté, of 14 Guns and 90 Men, commanded by Monſ. Martineneq, Lieutenant de Vaiſſeau, Four Days from Nantz, charged with ſecret Diſpatches, which he threw overboard, with Ten of her Guns, in the Chace.

I have the Honor to be,
My Lord,
Your Lordſhip's moſt obedient
and moſt humble Servant,
CHA. ROWLEY.

By the Lord Lieutenant General and General Governor of IRELAND,

A PROCLAMATION.

CAMDEN.

WHEREAS His Majeſty's Writs have been iſſued for calling a Parliament to meet and to be holden at the City of Dublin: And whereas His Majeſty hath ſignified His Royal Pleaſure, that the Meeting of the ſaid Parliament, which now ſtands prorogued to Tueſday the Twenty-fourth Day of October inſtant, be further prorogued to Tueſday the Twenty-firſt Day of November next: We do therefore publiſh and declare, that the Meeting of the ſaid Parliament be, and the Meeting of the ſaid Parliament is hereby further prorogued to Tueſday the Twenty-firſt Day of November next; whereof the Lords Spiritual and Temporal, and the Knights, Citizens and Burgeſſes, are to take Notice accordingly.

Given at His Majeſty's Caſtle of Dublin, the Twentieth Day of October, 1797.

By his Excellency's Command,
T. PELHAM.

GOD ſave the KING.

SUGARS, GINGER *and* ALOES.

FOR Sale, by Order of the Honorable the Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Cuſtoms, in the Long-Room at the Cuſtom-Houſe, London, on Thurſday the 16th of November, at Three o'Clock in the Afternoon, in Lots of 2, 4, 6, 8, and 10 Caſks each.

H.	T.	B.	
106	—	—	Barbadoes.
56	3	—	Antigua.
23	22	—	Nevis.
41	29	—	Monſerrat.
74	15	—	Tortola.
—	—	130	Barbadoes Ginger.
—	—	20	
—	—	3	Bags Aloes.

The Samples to be viewed at Wycherley's Yard, oppoſite Bear Quay, on Wedneſday the 15th and Thurſday the 16th of November.

Navy-Office, October 25, 1797.

THE Principal Officers and Commiſſioners of His Majeſty's Navy do hereby give Notice, that on Wedneſday the 1ſt of next Month, at One o'Clock, they will be ready to treat with ſuch Perſons as may be willing to contract for Building, in the River Thames, a Veſſel for the Service of New South Wales, of 320 Tons Burthen, agreeable to a Draught and Scantlings, which may be ſeen at this Office

The Tenders are to expreſs the Time for building the ſaid Veſſel, as well as the Price per Ton; and none will be received after Twelve o'Clock, on the Day of Treaty, nor any noticed unleſs the Party, or an Agent for him, attends.

R. A. Nelſon, *Secretary.*

London, October 28, 1797.

Office for the Duty on Poſt Horſes for the County of Surrey,
No. 4, London-Road, St. George's, Southwark.

PUrſuant to an Act of Parliament paſſed in the 27th Year of His preſent Majeſty King George the Third, and by Order of the Commiſſioners for Managing the Duties on Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper, Notice is hereby given, that the Poſtmaſters, Innkeepers, and other Perſons licenſed to ſett Horſes to travel Poſt, &c. reſiding in the Borough of Southwark in the County of Surrey, and within Five Miles of the Head Office for Stamps, or within the Bills of Mortality, are required to attend on Monday the 30th of October inſtant, between the Hours of Nine in the Forenoon and Four in the Afternoon, to bring in and deliver at this Office their ſeveral Weekly Accounts to Saturday the 28th of October inſtant inclusive; and at the ſame Time to paſs the ſaid Accounts, and pay the Money due thereon.

Francis Searle, *Farmer of the ſaid Duty,*
Diſtrict No. 11.

N. B. No ſecond Day of Collection will be allowed.

AVERAGE PRICES OF CORN,

By the Quarter of Eight WINCHESTER Bushels, and of OATMEAL per Boll of 140lbs. AVOIRDUPOIS, from the Returns received in the Week ended the 21st of October, 1797.

INLAND COUNTIES.

	Wheat.		Rye.		Barley.		Oats.		Beans.		Peaſe.		Oatmeal.		Beer or Big.	
	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.	s.	d.
Middleſex,	54	4	28	6	30	9	22	2	29	3	38	7	—	—	—	—
Surry,	58	0	33	0	32	8	22	4	30	0	34	0	—	—	—	—
Hertford,	52	6	—	—	29	0	18	10	29	3	34	9	—	—	—	—
Bedford,	52	4	32	2	27	7	16	8	30	1	—	—	—	—	—	—
Huntingdon,	48	6	—	—	28	6	15	9	23	0	—	—	—	—	—	—
Northampton,	56	2	40	6	30	8	18	2	31	10	30	0	—	—	—	—
Rutland,	62	6	—	—	30	6	18	0	21	0	—	—	45	3	—	—
Leiceſter,	58	8	—	—	34	10	19	8	29	5	—	—	34	6	—	—
Nottingham,	61	4	36	0	37	0	19	10	34	11	—	—	—	—	—	—
Derby,	59	6	—	—	36	0	21	3	33	6	32	0	—	—	—	—
Stafford,	59	7	—	—	36	5	23	1	37	1	34	0	27	6	—	—
Salop,	61	2	43	8	44	2	22	3	—	—	34	6	67	10	—	—
Hereford,	61	9	44	10	42	4	22	6	34	7	33	6	66	10	—	—
Worceſter,	63	2	32	2	40	1	24	10	32	11	38	3	—	—	—	—
Warwick,	58	4	—	—	38	6	21	6	39	4	49	0	37	1	—	—
Wilts,	69	8	—	—	38	6	26	4	44	8	40	0	—	—	—	—
Berks,	54	11	46	0	30	1	23	9	32	6	36	4	—	—	—	—
Oxford,	57	10	—	—	29	9	20	8	31	2	40	0	—	—	—	—
Bucks,	57	0	—	—	29	6	19	0	28	6	34	6	—	—	—	—
Montgomery,	58	10	—	—	40	0	21	5	—	—	35	4	40	3	—	—
Brecon,	70	6	48	0	35	11	21	8	—	—	—	—	38	10	—	—
Radnor,	67	4	—	—	38	8	21	5	—	—	—	—	53	6	—	—

MARITIME COUNTIES.

Diſtricts.																
1ſt	Eſſex,	49	8	28	3	28	0	20	6	26	0	31	6	—	—	—	—
	Kent,	53	9	29	0	27	0	18	6	27	1	32	0	—	—	—	—
	Suſſex,	54	0	—	—	32	0	21	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
2d	Suffolk,	45	8	—	—	27	1	17	1	22	11	30	9	38	2	—	—
	Cambridge,	51	4	22	2	24	9	13	11	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
3d	Norfolk,	45	7	—	—	24	4	15	10	21	6	30	9	—	—	—	—
4th	Lincoln,	54	1	—	—	30	10	16	0	22	6	—	—	38	2	—	—
	York,	52	2	32	1	31	2	15	4	27	11	48	0	30	4	—	—
5th	Durham,	59	2	36	0	—	—	18	6	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Northumberland,	53	10	27	0	22	9	18	3	—	—	26	8	12	6	—	—
6th	Cumberland,	51	2	34	2	27	0	17	9	—	—	—	—	31	9	—	—
	Weſtmorland,	60	9	40	0	30	8	18	7	—	—	—	—	14	10	—	—
7th	Lancaſter,	52	6	—	—	33	11	21	0	30	2	—	—	15	8	—	—
	Cheſter,	53	0	—	—	—	—	20	0	—	—	—	—	16	5	—	—
8th	Flint,	60	9	—	—	35	5	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Denbigh,	58	3	—	—	35	2	18	4	—	—	—	—	30	5	—	—
	Angleſea,	None		bought		for Sale.		—		—		—		—		—	
	Carnarvon,	56	0	30	0	27	8	15	0	—	—	—	—	34	11	—	—
	Merioneth,	64	0	48	0	40	0	20	0	—	—	—	—	30	6	—	—
9th	Cardigan,	59	10	33	4	28	10	13	8	—	—	—	—	25	11	—	—
	Pembroke,	51	10	—	—	28	4	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Carmarthen,	70	3	—	—	35	0	12	0	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Glamorgan,	65	7	—	—	32	2	17	8	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
10th	Glouceſter,	69	2	—	—	38	3	22	10	36	5	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Somerſet,	75	6	—	—	30	0	22	4	32	8	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Monmouth,	69	6	—	—	34	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
11th	Devon,	72	10	—	—	31	7	16	4	—	—	—	—	36	11	—	—
	Cornwall,	67	3	—	—	33	3	16	10	—	—	—	—	—	—	—	—
12th	Dorſet,	72	7	—	—	35	9	21	3	28	0	—	—	—	—	—	—
	Hants,	62	11	—	—	33	4	21	6	34	4	—	—	—	—	—	—

AVERAGE of ENGLAND and WALES.

Per Quarter,	59	1	35	5	32	10	19	4	39	5	35	5	34	10	—	—

AVERAGE PRICES of CORN in SCOTLAND,

By the Quarter of Eight WINCHESTER Bushels, and of OATMEAL per Boll of 128lbs. SCOTCH TROY, of the Four Weeks immediately preceding the 15th of October, 1797.

Districts.	COUNTIES.	Wheat. s.	Wheat. d.	Rye. s.	Rye. d.	Barley. s.	Barley. d.	Oats. s.	Oats. d.	Beans. s.	Beans. d.	Peafe. s.	Peafe. d.	Oatmeal. s.	Oatmeal. d.	Beer or Big s.	Beer or Big d.
13th	Fife,	48	2	19	10	18	2	17	5	20	9	20	9	16	0	16	10
	Kinrofs,	—		—		21	5	15	7	—		—		15	8	—	
	Clackmannan,	43	0	—		23	9	18	9	27	1	27	1	16	0	—	
	Stirling,	48	5	—		25	0	18	8	28	4	28	4	16	6	23	8
	Linlithgow,	57	11	—		27	3	20	8	31	2	31	2	15	7	—	
	Edinburgh,	60	0	—		23	8	18	8	28	0	28	0	15	9	—	
	Haddington,	50	4	—		26	2	19	1	26	10	26	10	15	2	—	
	Berwick,	38	0	—		20	0	16	2	—		27	4	16	10	—	
	Roxburgh,	52	11	—		19	1	17	1	—		27	8	12	6	—	
	Selkirk,	31	8	—		20	0	17	6	—		18	4	14	0	16	6
	Peebles,	—		—		—		—		—		—		13	6	—	
14th	Dumfries,	49	0	—		24	0	17	6	—		—		15	0	—	
	Wigton,	—		—		17	4	13	4	—		—		12	0	16	0
	Ayr,	50	0	—		25	0	16	0	34	0	34	0	14	8	22	0
	Kirkcudbright,	—		—		29	1	15	4	—		—		13	2	—	
15th	Argyle,	—		—		—		19	4	—		—		16	0	—	
	Dumbarton,	—		—		—		—		—		—		—		26	5
	Lanerk,	59	3	—		27	11	21	3	32	9	37	11	16	0	24	0
	Renfrew,	66	0	—		27	0	18	3	37	1	—		15	11	—	
	Bute,	—		—		—		—		—		—		15	0	—	
16th	Orkney and Shetland,	No Return.				—		—		—		—		—		—	
	Caithneſs,					—		—		—		—		—		—	
	Sutherland,	—		—		—		—		—		—		21	4	21	4
	Roſs and Cromarty,	42	0	—		20	8	—		—		—		15	6	20	8
	Inverneſs,	—		—		29	1	—		—		—		15	2	—	
	Nairn,	41	8	25	8	22	10	15	4	25	8	25	8	14	2	—	
	Elgin,	—		27	3	23	1	15	0	27	3	27	3	13	7	—	
	Banff,	—		—		16	7	15	3	—		—		14	0	14	0
	Aberdeen,	—		—		—		16	6	—		—		13	6	18	4
	Kincardine,	64	6	—		25	2	16	9	—		—		15	0	23	3
	Forfar,	52	8	—		25	0	20	5	—		—		15	7	22	8
	Perth,	46	6	—		21	5	17	10	—		—		15	8	—	
	AVERAGE of SCOTLAND. *Per Quarter,*	50	1	24	3	23	3	17	4	28	11	27	8	15	1	20	5

AVERAGE PRICE, by which EXPORTATION and BOUNTY are to be regulated, computed according to the Directions of the Corn Acts of the 31ſt and 33d of GEO. III.

	Wheat, per Qr. s.	Wheat, per Qr. d.	Rye, per Qr. s.	Rye, per Qr. d.	Barley, per Qr. s.	Barley, per Qr. d.	Oats, per Qr. s.	Oats, per Qr. d.	Beans, per Qr. s.	Beans, per Qr. d.	Peaſe, per Qr. s.	Peaſe, per Qr. d.	Oatmeal, per Boll. s.	Oatmeal, per Boll. d.	Beer or Big per Qr. s.	Beer or Big per Qr. d.
1ſt Diſtrict,	51	4	23	8	31	6	21	5	27	4	39	9	*34	10	—	
2d	46	3	22	0	26	5	15	8	22	11	30	9	38	2	—	
3d	45	7	*35	5	24	4	15	10	21	6	30	9	*34	10	—	
4th	52	0	*35	5	29	8	15	7	23	5	*35	5	33	6	—	
5th	56	6	30	0	22	9	18	4	*30	5	26	8	12	6	—	
6th	55	0	36	1	27	11	18	1	*30	5	*35	5	23	3	—	
7th	52	8	*35	5	33	11	20	7	30	2	*35	5	15	10	—	
8th	58	11	39	0	32	3	17	2	*30	5	*35	5	32	3	—	
9th	62	0	33	4	31	5	14	3	*30	5	*35	5	25	11	—	
10th	71	10	*35	5	37	11	22	7	34	6	*35	5	*34	10	—	
11th	70	1	*35	5	32	9	16	9	*30	5	*35	5	36	11	—	
12th	67	1	*35	5	34	5	21	4	31	2	*35	5	*34	10	—	
13th	47	9	19	10	22	5	17	11	27	0	26	2	15	1	19	0
14th	49	6	*24	3	23	9	15	6	34	0	34	0	13	8	19	0
15th	62	7	*24	3	27	5	19	7	34	11	37	11	15	8	25	2
16th	49	5	26	5	22	11	16	8	26	5	26	5	15	4	20	0

N. B. The Figures againſt which Aſteriſks are placed, are the General Average Prices of ENGLAND, except in the LAST FOUR Diſtricts, which are the General Average Prices of SCOTLAND.

Publiſhed by Authority of Parliament,

JOHN JAMES CATHERWOOD, *Receiver of Corn Returns.*

THE AVERAGE PRICE OF SUGAR,

Computed from the RETURNS made in the Week ending the 25th Day of October, 1797.

is *Sixty-four Shillings and Three Pence Farthing*
per HUNDRED WEIGHT,

Exclusive of the Duty of Customs paid or payable thereon, on the IMPORTATION thereof into GREAT BRITAIN.

By Authority of Parliament,

Grocers Hall,
October 28, 1797.

HENRY NETTLESHIPP,
Clerk of the Grocers Company.

THE AVERAGE PRICE OF SUGAR,

Computed from the RETURNS of the QUANTITIES and PRICES made during the SIX WEEKS preceding the 23d Day of October instant, and taken in the Manner directed by an Act of Parliament made and passed in the 32d Year of His present Majesty's Reign, intituled, "An Act for regulating the "Allowance of the Drawback and Payment of the Bounty on the Exportation of Sugar, and for permitting "the Importation of Sugar and Coffee into the Bahama and Bermuda Islands in Foreign Ships,"

is *Sixty-two Shillings and Eleven Pence Three Farthings*
per HUNDRED WEIGHT,

Exclusive of the Duty of Customs paid or payable thereon on the IMPORTATION thereof into GREAT BRITAIN, which, by the Authority of Parliament, is directed to be deemed and taken as the Average Price of BROWN or MUSCOVADO SUGAR, for the Purpose of regulating the Allowance of the DRAWBACK on the Exportation of Sugar of the British Plantations, and the Payment of the BOUNTY on the Exportation of REFINED SUGAR, produced from Muscovado Sugar imported from His Majesty's Plantations in America.

Grocers Hall,
October 28, 1797.

HENRY NETTLESHIPP,
Clerk of the Grocers Company.

Cove, near Cork, October 16, 1797.

NOtice is hereby given to the Officers and Company of His Majesty's Ship Unicorn, James Young, Esq; Commander, who were actually on Board at the Recapture of the Ship Somerset in August last, in Company with His Majesty's Ship Apollo, John Manley, Esq; Commander, that they will be paid their respective Shares of the Salvage arising from the above Recapture on Board the said Ship at Cove, near Cork, on her Return to that Port; and the Shares not then demanded will be recalled at my Office, at Cove, Three Years to come.

Emeric Vidal, *Agent for the Unicorn.*

Cove, near Cork, October 16, 1797.

NOtice is hereby given to the Officers and Companies of His Majesty's Ship the Unicorn, James Young, Esq; Commander, and Apollo, John Manley, Esq; Commander, who were actually on Board at the Recapture of the Ship Somerset in August last, that an Account of the Salvage received for the said Recapture will be deposited in the Registry of the Court of Admiralty, agreeable to Act of Parliament.

Emeric Vidal, *Agent for the Unicorn,* John Harris, *Agent for the Apollo.*

London, October 21, 1797.

NOtice is hereby given, that an Account of Sales of the Hull, Stores and Bounty Money of the L'Actif French Privateer, captured by His Majesty's Ship Phaeton, Hon. Robert Stopford, Commander, on the 5th of March, 1797, will be delivered into the Registry of the High Court of Admiralty, agreeable to Act of Parliament.

James P. Maxwell, *of Portsmouth, and* John Druce, *of London, Agents.*

London, October 21, 1797.

NOtice is hereby given, that an Account of the Head-Money arising from the Capture of the French Brig Lacedemonian by His Majesty's Ships Pique and Charon, likewise of the Money received for the Ordnance Stores taken on Board the said Brig, will be deposited in the Registry of the High Court of Admiralty, agreeable to Act of Parliament.

Tho. Goode, *for* Walter Colquhoun, *and* James Dick, *Agents.*

London, October 21, 1797.

NOtice is hereby given, that the Account of Sales of the Hazard Privateer, (and Head-Money Bill) taken by the Lion Armed Cutter, Mr. Nicholas Simmons, Master, on the 14th of December, 1796, and for the Jeune Arsene, by the Hind Armed Cutter, Lieutenant William Woodcock, Commander, on the 27th of December, 1795, will be deposited in the Registry of the High Court of Admiralty, agreeable to Act of Parliament.

Peyton *and* Grenfell, *of London, Agents.*

London, October 21, 1797.

NOtice is hereby given, that an Account of the Salvage arising from the Recapture of the Jane and British King, retaken on the 6th of June and 9th of July, 1797, by the Resolution hired Armed Lugger, Mr.

Mr. George Broad, Commander, will be depoſited in the Regiſtry of the High Court of Admiralty, agreeable to Act of Parliament.

Peyton *and* Grenfell, *of London, Agents.*

NOtice is hereby given to the Officers and Companies of His Majeſty's Ships lately under the Command of Admiral Lord Hugh Seymour, viz, the Sans Pareil, Triumph, Swiftſure, Bedford, and La Revolutionnaire, who were actually on Board on the 6th Day of May, 1797, at the Capture of the Spaniſh Ship San Nicholas, that they will be paid their reſpective Proportions of the Proceeds of the ſaid Ship and Cargo, on the 6th of November next, or as ſoon after as either or all of the ſaid Ships return into Port, at the Navy Tavern, Portſea; and the Shares not then demanded will be recalled at the ſame Place on the Firſt Monday of every Month for Three Years to come.

James Park, N. A. Yates, *Agents.*

THE Proprietors of Shares, or of Receipts ſigned by Thomas Story for Shares, in the Pennſylvania Land Company of London, are deſired to apply to James Stedman, at the Lead-Office, St. Martin's-Lane, Cannon-Street, in order for the preparing an Account of the whole Number of Shares, and to whom they now belong. Attendance will be given as above every Wedneſday, from Ten till One o'Clock. You are deſired to bring the Receipts with you.

SCHEME of the IRISH STATE LOTTERY. For November, 1797.

No. of Prizes.		Value of each. £		Total Value. £.
2 Prizes of	—	20,000	—	40,000
2	—	10,000	—	20,000
2	—	5,000	—	10,000
3	—	2,000	—	6,000
5	—	1,000	—	5,000
8	—	500	—	4,000
28	—	50	—	2,000
40	—	100	—	2,000
7530	—	8	—	60,000
7,582 Prizes.		First Drawn	—	500
22,418 Blanks.		Laſt Drawn	—	500
30,000 Tickets.				£ 150,000

The Drawing to commence on Monday the 20th Day of November next, and the Prizes to be payable from and after the 1ſt Day of June, 1798, without Diſcount of any Kind.

Signed, by Order of the Managers and Directors,
C. and R. DEEY, Secretaries.

CAPITAL COTTON PLANTATION in the WEST INDIES.

TO be ſold by Auction, by Meſſ. Skinner, Dyke and Skinner, on Wedneſday November 1, at Twelve o'Clock, at Lloyd's Coffee-Houſe, in One Lot, The valuable Plantation called Beauſejour, in the Iſland of Carriacou, Five Hundred and Five Acres of Land, with a Boiling-Houſe and Curing-Houſe 92 Feet by 57, a Dwelling-Houſe, 64 Negro Houſes, with all other proper Buildings, Implements and Works, and 281 Slaves and 62 Oxen, Cows, Calves, Sheep, Horſes, &c.

An Inventory was taken the 1ſt of June laſt, and may be ſeen at Meſſ. Skinner, Dyke and Skinner, Alderſgate-Street: The Produce this Year is 50,000 lb. nett Cotton; in favourable Seaſons it has produced 80,000.

Printed Particular, with Conditions of Sale, may be had at Meſſ. Winter, Kay and Maynard's, Solicitors, Swithin's-Lane, Lombard-Street; at the Place of Sale; and of Meſſ. Skinner, Dyke and Skinner, Alderſgate-Street, London.

Preſton, October 6, 1797.

NOtice is hereby given, that the Term of Partnerſhip between Thomas Cowburn, James Cowburn, Septimus Gorſt, and James Gorſt, of Preſton in the County of Lancaſter, Cotton-Manufacturers, expired on the 1ſt Day of Auguſt laſt, when the ſame Partnerſhip was diſſolved by mutual Conſent; and that Buſineſs will in future be carried on by the ſaid Thomas and James Cowburn and by the ſaid Septimus Gorſt and James Gorſt in Two ſeparate Firms: And all Debts owing by or to the ſaid late Copartnerſhip will be reſpectively paid and received by the ſaid Thomas and James Cowburn or by the ſaid Septimus Gorſt and James Gorſt.

Tho. Cowburn.
James Cowburn.
Septimus Gorſt.
James Gorſt.

THE Partnerſhip lately ſubſiſting between Henry Chawner and John Emes, of Pater-Noſter-Row in the City of London, Goldſmiths, was, by mutual Conſent, this Day diſſolved; and all Perſons ſtanding indebted to the ſaid Partnerſhip are hereby requeſted to pay the ſame unto the ſaid John Emes, to whom the Buſineſs evolves by Agreement. Witneſs our Hands this 24th Day of October, 1797.

Henry Chawner.
John Emes.

Kendal, October 12, 1797.

NOtice is hereby given, that the Partnerſhip lately carried on by Robert Turner and James Bell, both of Kirkby Kendal in the County of Weſtmorland, Linen-Drapers, under the Firm of Turner and Bell, is this Day diſſolved by mutual Conſent. The Buſineſs will in future be carried on by the ſaid Robert Turner, who will diſcharge all Debts due from, and is authorized to receive all Debts due to the ſaid Partnerſhip: As witneſs their Hands this 12th Day of October, 1797.

Rob. Turner.
James Bell.

NOtice is hereby given, that the Partnerſhip lately carried on in the Pariſh of Manackan and County of Cornwall, by Henry Thomas and Andrew Fenton Ellis, under the Firm of Thomas and Ellis, is diſſolved by mutual Conſent. All Perſons having any Demands on that Firm will be paid on Application to the ſaid Henry Thomas; and all Perſons indebted to the ſaid Firm are requeſted to pay the ſame to the ſaid Henry Thomas without further Notice. Dated at Manackan, October 12th, 1797.

Henry Thomas.
A. F. Ellis.

October 23, 1797.

NOtice is hereby given, that the Copartnerſhip Concern lately carried on by us the underſigned, as Starch-Manufacturers, in the Out Pariſh of St. Philip and Jacob, in the County of Glouceſter, under the Firm of Hutchins, Hanmer and Company, is this Day by mutual Conſent diſſolved and determined as far as relates to the underſigned Thomas Hanmer; and the Buſineſs will in future be carried on under the Firm of John Hutchins and Company.

John Hutchins.
Tho. Hanmer.
Worth. Brice.

PUrſuant to a Decree of the High Court of Chancery, made in a Cauſe wherein Francis Pyner and another are Plaintiffs, and Hilton Wray and others are Defendants, the Creditors of Francis Pyner, late of Cheriſey in the County of Surry, Eſq; deceaſed, are forthwith to come in and prove their Debts before John Simeon, Eſq; one of the Maſters of the ſaid Court, at his Chambers in Southampton-Buildings, Chancery-Lane, London, or in Default thereof they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Decree.

THE Creditors of Richard Tyrrell Barnes, late of Change Alley within the City of London, and formerly of Millbank within the Liberty of Weſtminſter, Gentleman, are requeſted to meet at the Shakeſpeare Tavern in Covent-Garden, on Monday the 6th Day of November next, at One o'Clock in the Afternoon, to chuſe an Aſſignee or Aſſignees of the Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Richard Tyrrell Barnes, purſuant to the Statute 37th Geo. III. Chap. 112; and on other Affairs. Dated the 23d Day of October, 1797.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt James Delamain, of the Town of Kingſton upon Hull in the County of the ſame Town, Merchant, Dealer and Chapman, are deſired to meet the Aſſignees of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects, at Mrs. Johnſon's, the Croſs Keys Inn, in Kingſton upon Hull, on the 15th Day of November next, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, to conſider of the Proposal of certain Underwriters

writers on the Cargo of the Ship Minerva, late the Property of the ſaid James Delamain, to refer the Claims made upon them by the ſaid Aſſignees to the Opinion of Counſel or to an Arbitration; and to authorize the ſaid Aſſignees to act thereupon in ſuch Manner as ſhall be determined at ſuch Meeting.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt James Thomas, late of Mamble in the County of Worceſter, Coal-Merchant, Dealer and Chapman, are deſired to meet the Aſſignee of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects on the 31ſt Day of October inſtant, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon preciſely, at the Swan Inn, near Tenbury, in the County of Worceſter, in order to aſſent to or diſſent from the ſaid Aſſignee proſecuting an Action at Law commenced by the Bankrupt, and in Proſecution at the Time of the Date and ſuing forth of the ſaid Commiſſion, reſpecting Whatthill Colliery; and alſo to aſſent to or diſſent from the ſaid Aſſignee commencing, proſecuting or defending any Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity for Recovery of any Part of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; or to the compounding, ſubmitting to Arbitration, or otherwiſe agreeing, any Matter or Thing relating thereto; and on other ſpecial Affairs.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Miles Barber, late of Lothbury, in the City of London, Merchant, lately deceaſed, are deſired to meet the Aſſignees of the ſaid Bankrupt's Effects on Saturday the 11th of November next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, at the Guildhall Coffee-Houſe, King-Street, Cheapſide, to take into Conſideration an Application made to the Eccleſiaſtical Court by a Perſon claiming to be a large Creditor of the ſaid Bankrupt, for Adminiſtration to be granted to him in that Character, in caſe the Widow ſhould renounce, and to determine whether ſuch Perſon ſhall be allowed to obtain the Adminiſtration, or whether the ſaid Aſſignees ſhall take the neceſſary Steps to ſecure the ſame for the Benefit of the Creditors at large; and alſo to conſider whether any and what Relief ought to be granted to the Widow, in reſpect of the Allowance payable under a former Commiſſion, and of a ſmall Legacy left to the ſaid Bankrupt ſince the iſſuing of the laſt Commiſſion againſt him (under which the preſent Meeting is to be held) or any other Property acquired ſince the ſaid laſt Commiſſion; and on other ſpecial Affairs.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt William Irvine, of Sunderland near the Sea in the County of Durham, Coal-Fitter, are deſired to meet the Aſſignees of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects on the 3d Day of November next, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, at the Houſe of Mr. Darling, the Bridge Inn, in Biſhop Wearmouth in the ſaid County, in order to aſſent to or diſſent from the ſaid Aſſignees commencing, proſecuting or defending any Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity for Recovery of any Part of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; and particularly for the aſſenting to or diſſenting from the ſaid Aſſignees commencing and proſecuting one or more Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity for Recovery of a certain Ship called the Dorothea, and alſo of a Moiety of a certain Ship called the Twins, and likewiſe of a Moiety or Half Part of a certain other Ship called the Two Brothers, late in the Poſſeſſion of the ſaid Bankrupt; and alſo to aſſent to or diſſent from the ſaid Aſſignees compounding, ſubmitting to Arbitration, or otherwiſe agreeing, any Matter or Thing relating thereto; and on other ſpecial Affairs.

THE Creditors who have proved their Debts under a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Iſaac Leveret the Younger, late of Coddenham in the County of Suffolk, Fellmonger, Dealer and Chapman, are deſired to meet the Aſſignees of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects on the 24th Day of November next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, at the Crown Inn, in Coddenham aforeſaid, to aſſent to or diſſent from the ſaid Aſſignees commencing, proſecuting or defending any Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity for Recovery of any Part of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; or to the compounding, ſubmitting to Arbitration, or otherwiſe agreeing, any Matter or Thing relating thereto; and on other ſpecial Affairs.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Maxwell, of the Town of Bromyard in the County of Hereford, Apothecary, Dealer and Chapman, and he hath been declared a Bankrupt accordingly; and in the London Gazette, publiſhed the 3d Day of this inſtant October, the laſt Sitting under the ſaid Commiſſion, when the Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate, was fixed for the 28th Day of November next, which was done by Miſtake, the ſame not being the Forty-ſecond Day, as required by the Statute in that Caſe made and provided: Notice is hereby given, that the ſaid Sitting will be held at the Dwelling-Houſe of Joyce Taylor, being the King's Arms Inn, in Bromyard in the County of Hereford, on Tueſday the 14th Day of November next, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon; when and where the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. And at the ſame Time and Place the Creditors are required to attend, to aſſent to or diſſent from the Aſſignee's acceding to certain Claims and Demands, which are made by particular Creditors of the ſaid Bankrupt, on the Real and Perſonal Eſtate of the ſaid Bankrupt, by virtue of certain Securities given to them by the ſaid Bankrupt previous to his Bankruptcy; and alſo to aſſent to or diſſent from the Aſſignee proſecuting or defending any Suit or Suits at Law or in Equity for Recovery of any Part of the ſaid Bankrupt's Eſtate and Effects; or to the compounding, ſubmitting to Arbitration, or otherwiſe agreeing, any Matter or Thing relating thereto; and on other ſpecial Affairs.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Thomas Hanmer the Younger, of the City of Briſtol, Grocer, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 4th and 18th Days of November next, and on the 9th Day of December following, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon on each of the ſaid Days, at the London Inn and Talbot Tavern, in Bath-Street, in the City of Briſtol, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. William Tucker, Featherſtone-Buildings, Holborn, London, or Mr. James Long Sutton, Corn-Street, Briſtol.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt Robert Foſter, of Wiſbech in the County of Cambridge, Shopkeeper, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 4th and 11th of November next, and on the 9th of December following, at Twelve at Noon on each Day, at Guildhall, London, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Eaton, Birchin-Lane, London.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Mears, of the City of Canterbury, Glaſs-Seller, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 15th and 16th Days of November next, and on the 9th Day of December following, at Ten in the Forenoon on each Day, at the Guildhall in the City of Canterbury, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. George Garrett, Attorney, Sandwich, Kent.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Branſby, late of Pateley Bridge in the County of York, Currier, Dealer and Chapman, and he being declared a Bankrupt is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners in the ſaid Commiſſion named, or the major Part of them, on the 1ſt Day of November next, at Six o'Clock in the Afternoon, on the 2d Day of the ſame Month, and on the 9th Day of December following, at Eleven o'Clock in the Forenoon, at the Houſe of Mr. Metcalf, the George, in Pateley Bridge, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects; when and where the Creditors,

tors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, and at the Second Sitting to chuſe Aſſignees, and at the laſt Sitting the ſaid Bankrupt is required to finiſh his Examination, and the Creditors are to aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate. All Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any of his Effects, are not to pay or deliver the ſame but to whom the Commiſſioners ſhall appoint, but give Notice to Mr. Robert Overend, in Pateley Bridge aforeſaid, or to Mr. Lee, Solicitor, Chancery-Lane, London.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Joſeph Grundill, of Crown-Street, Weſtminſter, in the County of Middleſex, Wine-Merchant, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 5th of December next, at Ten in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, (by Adjournment from the 24th of October inſtant) to take the laſt Examination of the ſaid Bankrupt; when and where he is required to ſurrender himſelf, and make a full Diſcovery and Diſcloſure of his Eſtate and Effects, and finiſh his Examination; and the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, and, with thoſe who have proved their Debts, aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Thomas Paty, Richard Byrchall, and Joſeph Tombs, late of Union-Street, Biſhopſgate-Street, in the County of Middleſex, Cotton-Manufacturers and Copartners, (trading under the Firm of Paty, Byrchall and Company) intend to meet on the 10th Day of November next, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon, at Guildhall, London, (purſuant to the Lord Chancellor's Order) in order to receive the Proof of a Debt under the ſaid Commiſſion.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Iſaac Leveret the Younger, late of Coddenham, in the County of Suffolk, Fellmonger, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 24th Day of November next, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, at the Crown Inn, in Coddenham aforeſaid, to make a Dividend of the Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Robert Preſton, of Liverpool in the County of Lancaſter, Merchant, Goldſmith, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 2d of December next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, (and not on the 10th Day of November next, as before adverciſed) in order to make a Further Dividend of the Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Mary Ann Wilſon, late of Homerton in the County of Middleſex, Haberdaſher, Dealer and Chapwoman, intend to meet on the 5th Day of December next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Further Dividend of the Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt James Andrews, late of Alton in the County of Southampton, Tallow-Chandler, Grocer and Seedſman, intend to meet on the 18th Day of November next, at Eleven of the Clock in the Forenoon, at the Swan Inn, in Alton aforeſaid, to make a Further Dividend of the Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Benjamin Hearne and Thomas Treeve, both of the Borough of Penryn in the County of Cornwall, Merchants and Copartners, intend to meet on the 23d Day of November next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at the King's Arms, in the Borough of Penryn aforeſaid, in order to make a Final Dividend of the joint and ſeparate Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Bankrupts; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt William Gayner, of the City of Briſtol, Broker and Chapman, intend to meet on the 14th Day of December next, at Five o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Buſh Tavern, in the City of Briſtol, in order to make a Further Dividend of the Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Ann Salt and Charles Adam Beckman, of Birmingham in the County of Warwick, Wine Merchants, Dealers, Chapmen and Copartners, intend to meet on the 5th Day of December next, at Ten o'Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, in order to make a Dividend of the Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt William Cooper, of the City of Norwich, Linnen-Draper, Dealer and Chapman, intend to meet on the 18th Day of December next, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, at the Maid's Head Inn, in the Pariſh of St. Simon and St. Jude, in Norwich, in order to make a Dividend of the Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Robert Cowen, of Love Lane, Eaſtcheap, in the City of London, Wine and Brandy Merchant, intend to meet on the 15th Day of December next, at Ten of the Clock in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, (and not on the 11th of November, as before advertiſed) in order to make a Dividend of the Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

THE Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Abraham, late of Houndſditch in the City of London, Warehouſeman, Dealer and Chapman, (carrying on Trade under the Firm of John Abraham and Company) intend to meet on the 14th of November next, at Ten in the Forenoon, at Guildhall, London, (by Adjournment from the 24th of October inſtant) in order to make a Dividend of the Eſtate and Effects of the ſaid Bankrupt; when and where the Creditors, who have not already proved their Debts, are to come prepared to prove the ſame, or they will be excluded the Benefit of the ſaid Dividend. And all Claims not then proved will be diſallowed.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in a Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt Thomas Johnſon, of Liverpool in the County of Lancaſter, Woollen and Linnen-Draper, Haberdaſher and Hoſier, have certified to the Right Hon. Alexander Lord Loughborough, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid Thomas Johnſon hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 18th Day of November next.

WHereas the acting Commiſſioners in the Commiſſion of Bankrupt awarded and iſſued forth againſt John Barlow, of Shudehill, within Mancheſter, in the County of Lancaſter, Innkeeper, Dealer and Chapman, have certified to the Right Honourable Alexander Lord Loughborough, Lord High Chancellor of Great Britain, that the ſaid John Barlow hath in all Things conformed himſelf according to the Directions of the ſeveral Acts of Parliament made concerning Bankrupts; This is to give Notice, that, by virtue of an Act paſſed in the Fifth Year of His late Majeſty's Reign, his Certificate will be allowed and confirmed as the ſaid Act directs, unleſs Cauſe be ſhewn to the contrary on or before the 28th Day of November next.